



Micromega Corporation

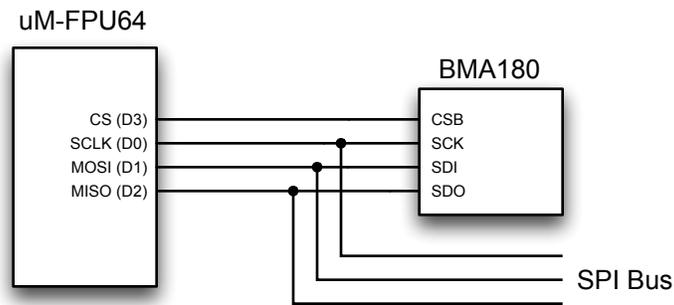
# Code Example uM-FPU64

## BMA180 3-axis Accelerometer

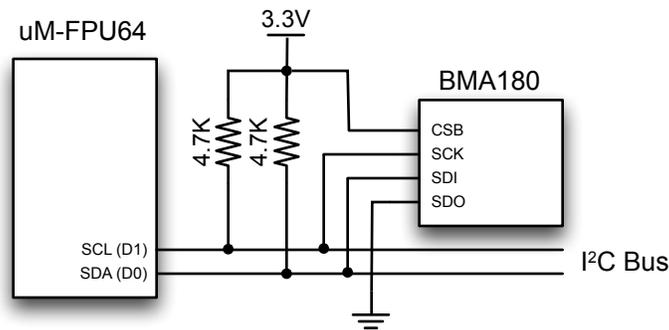
### Introduction

This code example provides FPU functions for interfacing the BMA180 3-axis accelerometer to the uM-FPU64 using an SPI or I<sup>2</sup>C interface.

### Connecting the BMA180 to the FPU using SPI



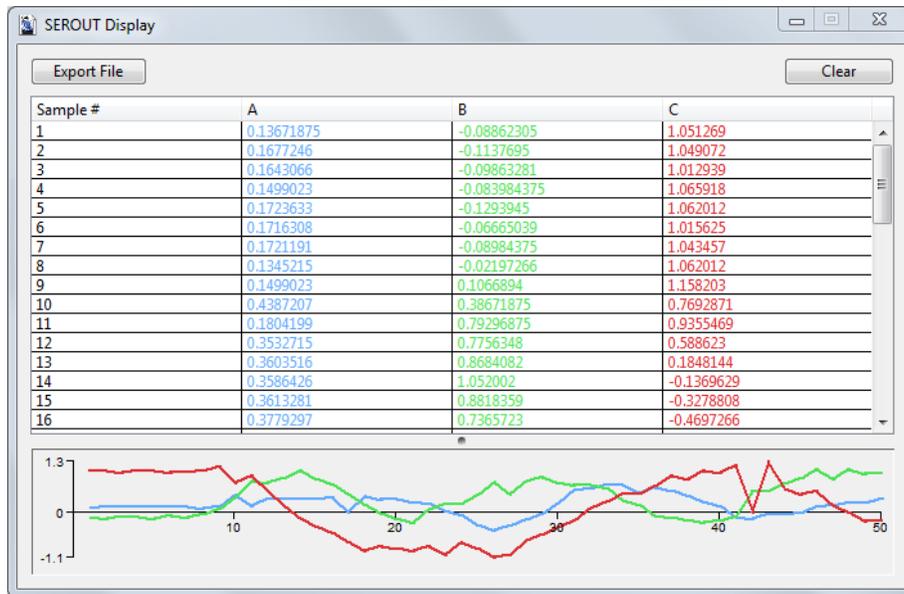
### Connecting the BMA180 to the FPU using I<sup>2</sup>C



## Using the SEROUT Display in the uM-FPU64 IDE

When the IDE is connected to the FPU chip and debugging is enabled, all output sent to **SEROUT** is captured by the IDE and can be displayed in one of the **SEROUT Display** windows. Tab-delimited data can be displayed in a table and as a graph. The following diagram shows how the output from the *test-bma180.ino* program.

Select the *Window>Serial Setup Options...* menu item, select the **SEROUT** tab, and select the option to display **Table and Graph**.



The graph shows the data from the 3-axis BMA180 accelerometer as the accelerometer is being moved in different orientations. The graph is auto-scaling and is intended to give a quick visual representation of the data. If further analysis is required, the data can be exported to a tab-delimited file using the **Export File** button.

## FPU Functions

Arduino test file: *test\_bma180.ino*  
FPU functions: *bma180-spi.fp4*  
*bma180-i2c.fp4*

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*bma\_init*

Initializes the SPI or I<sup>2</sup>C interface and resets the BMA180.

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*bma\_write\_enable(long)*

If *arg1* is zero, writing to the image registers is disabled. If *arg1* is non-zero, writing to the image registers is enabled.

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*bma\_write(long, long)*

Writes a data byte to BMA180 image register. The register address is passed as *arg1*, and the data byte is passed as *arg2*.

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*bma\_read(long) long*

Reads a data byte from a BMA180 image register. The register address is passed as *arg1*, and the data byte returned in register 0.

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*bma\_readacc*

Read the X, Y, and Z acceleration registers, and converts the values to floating point gravitational units (g). The values are returned in registers *xacc*, *yacc*, *zacc*.

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*bma\_read\_temp() long*

Reads the temperature register, and converts the value to floating point degrees Celsius. The value is returned in register 0.

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## uM-FPU64 features shown in Code Example

Compiler Functions and Procedures	uM-FPU64 Instructions
<i>devio(SPI,...)</i>	DEVIO
<i>devio(I2C,...)</i>	DEVIO

Shows a demonstration of the uM-FPU64 IDE **SEROUT Display** window.

## Further Information

See the Micromega website (<http://www.micromegacorp.com>) for additional information regarding the uM-FPU64 floating point coprocessor, including:

*uM-FPU64 Datasheet*  
*uM-FPU64 Instruction Set*  
*uM-FPU64 IDE User Manual*  
*uM-FPU64 IDE Compiler Manual*